

Immigration implications of the Trump Administration's Bill

Massive Increase In Deportation Funding

- \$175 billion in new immigration funding
- +1000 new ICE agents and expanding capacity to over 1 million
- Southern border wall constructions, expanded state and local -enti-sanctuary cooperation with ICE

Fees and Restrictions for Asylum Seekers

- Mandatory application fees for asylum and humanitarian relief
- Limited work permit eligibility in removal proceddings
- Expanded 'transit bans and fast-track denials for applicants traveling through third world countries

Public Charge and Health Access Rollbacks

- Stricter public charge rules bar permanent residency
- Medical aid/CHIP cuts for most legal immigrants, including green card holders under 11 years in the U,S.
- Slashes refuges resettlement and medical services for immigrants

Birthright Citizen Challenge (EO 14159)

Denying birthright citizenship to U.S. born children of undocumented immigrants

Elimination of Certain Humanitarian Program

- Parole programs and Temporary Protected Status (TPS) face blocks
- Future parole programs without Congress
- Increased Legal Immigration
 Barries
- Filing fees and processing delays for family-base petitons, green cards, and naturalization
- Redcured family-based visa quotas
- Shift to ment-based systems

"Gold Card" Visa for Immigrants

 Adds \$5 milion investment visa with fast-track citizenship

Who's Most at Risk?

Group	Risk Level	Key Risks
Undocumented Immigrants	High	More ICE raids
Asylum seekers	High	New fees, faster denials
TPS holders	Moderate High	Possible cancellation
Green card applicants (family based)	Moderate	Slower process, higher cast
Parolees	Positive	Easier path with Gold Card route